## Name:

## Student ID \#:

## ECE 113A

## Homework \#3

Due 10 A.M. Wednesday, October 29, 2003
Please staple this sheet to the front of your homework.

| 1 a | 1 b | 1 c | 1 d | 2 a | 2 b | 2 c | 2 d | 3 a | 3 b | 3 c | 3 d | 4 a | 4 b | 4 c | 4 d | 43 | Total |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $/ 5$ | 15 | $/ 5$ | $/ 10$ | $/ 5$ | $/ 5$ | $/ 5$ | $/ 10$ | $/ 5$ | $/ 5$ | $/ 5$ | $/ 10$ | $/ 5$ | $/ 5$ | $/ 5$ | $/ 5$ | $/ 5$ | $/ 100$ |

1) Answer a-d for the figure shown below:
a. Do equilibrium conditions prevail? How do you know?
b. Sketch the electrostatic potential $(\mathrm{V})$ inside the semiconductor as a function of x .
c. Sketch the electric field (E) inside the semiconductor as a function of x
d. Roughly sketch $n$ and $p$ versus $x$.

2) Answer a-d for the figure shown below:
a. Do equilibrium conditions prevail? How do you know?
b. Sketch the electrostatic potential (V) inside the semiconductor as a function of x .
c. Sketch the electric field (E) inside the semiconductor as a function of x
d. Roughly sketch $n$ and $p$ versus $x$.


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3) Answer a-d for the figure shown below:
a. Do equilibrium conditions prevail? How do you know?
b. Sketch the electrostatic potential $(\mathrm{V})$ inside the semiconductor as a function of x .
c. Sketch the electric field ( $\mathscr{E}$ ) inside the semiconductor as a function of x
d. Roughly sketch n and p versus x .

4) For Si at 300 K , calculate $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{C}}-\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{F}}$ and sketch $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{C}}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{F}}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{i}}$, and $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{V}}$ as in figure 2.18 of the book for the following cases:
a. $\quad \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{D}}=10^{17} \mathrm{~cm}^{-3} ; \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{A}} \ll \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{D}}$.
b. $\quad \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{D}}=10^{15} \mathrm{~cm}^{-3} ; \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{A}} \ll \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{D}}$.
c. $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{A}}=5 \times 10^{17} \mathrm{~cm}^{-3} ; \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{D}} \ll \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{A}}$.
d. $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{A}}=10^{14} \mathrm{~cm}^{-3} ; \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{D}} \ll \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{A}}$.
e. $\quad \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{D}}=0$.
