

1A	1B	2	3A	3B	3C	3D	3E	Total
/15	/15	/20	/10	/10	/10	/10	/10	/100

THREE PROBLEMS TOTAL.

**DO NOT BEGIN THE EXAM
UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO
DO SO.**

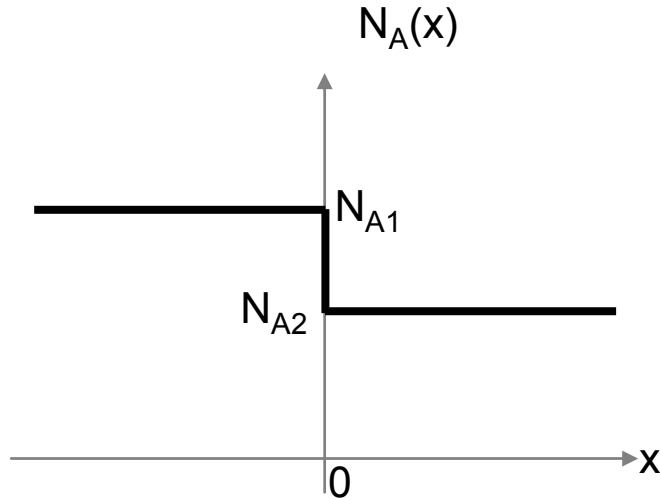
PROBLEM TWO: (20 points)

Some baseline temperatures in the three temperature scales:

temperature	kelvins	degrees Celsius	degrees Fahrenheit
symbol	K	°C	°F
boiling point of water	373.15	100.	212.
melting point of ice	273.15	0.	32.
absolute zero	0.	-273.15	-459.67

- 2) A p-n diode is reverse biased at -1 V and cooled to the temperature of the melting point of ice ($T = 273\text{ K}$). At that temperature, the current is 1 pA .

The diode is now put into a pot of boiling water, so that its temperature is 373 K . What is the current now, assuming the voltage is still -1 V ?

PROBLEM THREE: (50 points)

In class we considered a p-n junction. Now, I want you to consider a p-p junction, as shown in the graph above.

- 3) For a piece of Si with doping profile shown in the graph above,
- Draw the equilibrium energy band diagram for the junction, taking the doping to be nondegenerate and $N_{A1} > N_{A2}$. (10 points)

PROBLEM THREE: (50 points)

- b. Derive an expression for the built-in voltage (V_{bi}) that exists across the junction under equilibrium conditions. (10 points)

- c. Sketch the electric field as a function of position under equilibrium conditions. (10 points)

PROBLEM THREE: (continued)

- d. Sketch the electrostatic potential (voltage) $V(x)$ as a function of position under equilibrium conditions. (10 points)

- e. Sketch the total charge density $\rho(x)$ as a function of position under equilibrium conditions. (10 points)