

Chapter 6, Solution 21.

$$4\mu\text{F in series with } 12\mu\text{F} = (4 \times 12)/16 = 3\mu\text{F}$$

$$3\mu\text{F in parallel with } 3\mu\text{F} = 6\mu\text{F}$$

$$6\mu\text{F in series with } 6\mu\text{F} = 3\mu\text{F}$$

$$3\mu\text{F in parallel with } 2\mu\text{F} = 5\mu\text{F}$$

$$5\mu\text{F in series with } 5\mu\text{F} = 2.5\mu\text{F}$$

Hence $C_{\text{eq}} = \underline{\underline{2.5\mu\text{F}}}$

Chapter 6, Solution 51.

$$\frac{1}{L} = \frac{1}{60} + \frac{1}{20} + \frac{1}{30} = \frac{1}{10} \quad L = 10 \text{ mH}$$

$$L_{\text{eq}} = 10 \parallel (25 + 10) = \frac{10 \times 35}{45}$$
$$= \underline{\underline{7.778 \text{ mH}}}$$

Chapter 6, Solution 55.

(a) $L // L = 0.5L$, $L + L = 2L$

$$L_{eq} = L + 2L // 0.5L = L + \frac{2L \times 0.5L}{2L + 0.5L} = \underline{1.4L} = \underline{\mathbf{1.4 L}}$$

(b) $L // L = 0.5L$, $L // L + L // L = L$

$$L_{eq} = L // L = \underline{\mathbf{500 \text{ mL}}}$$