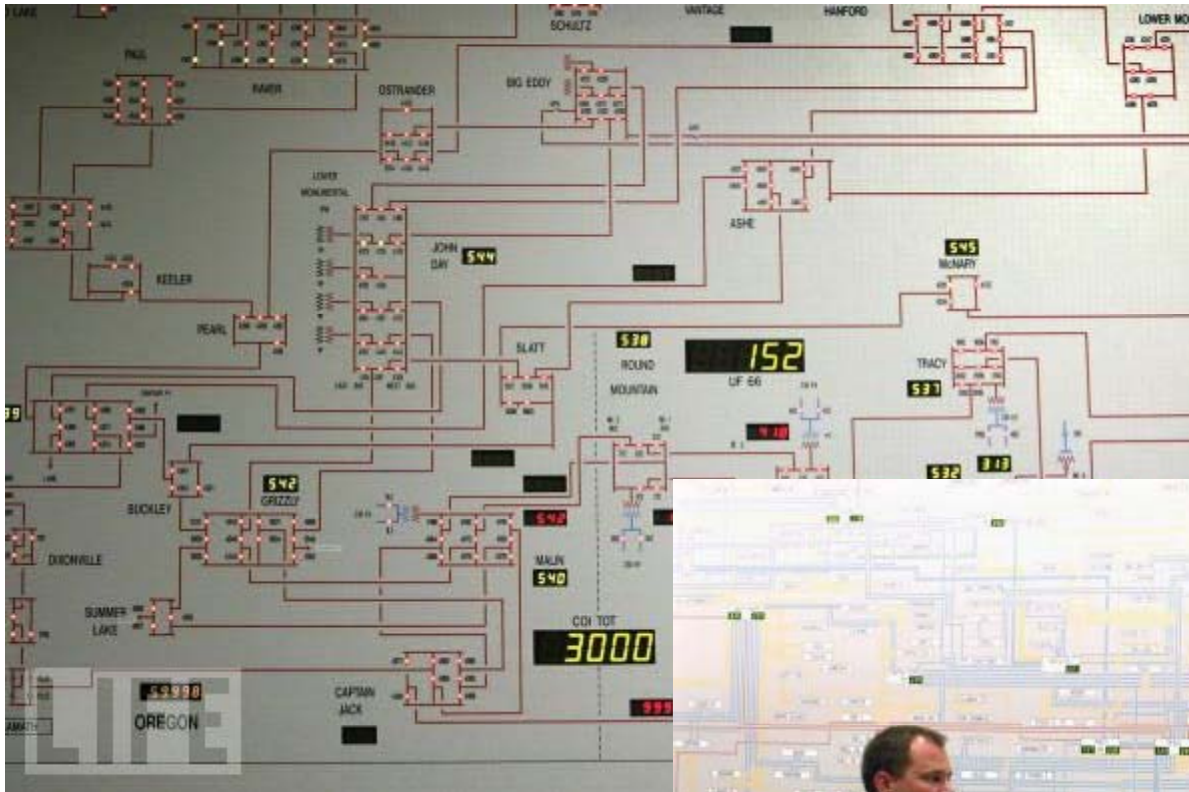


Announcements:

1. Announcement #1

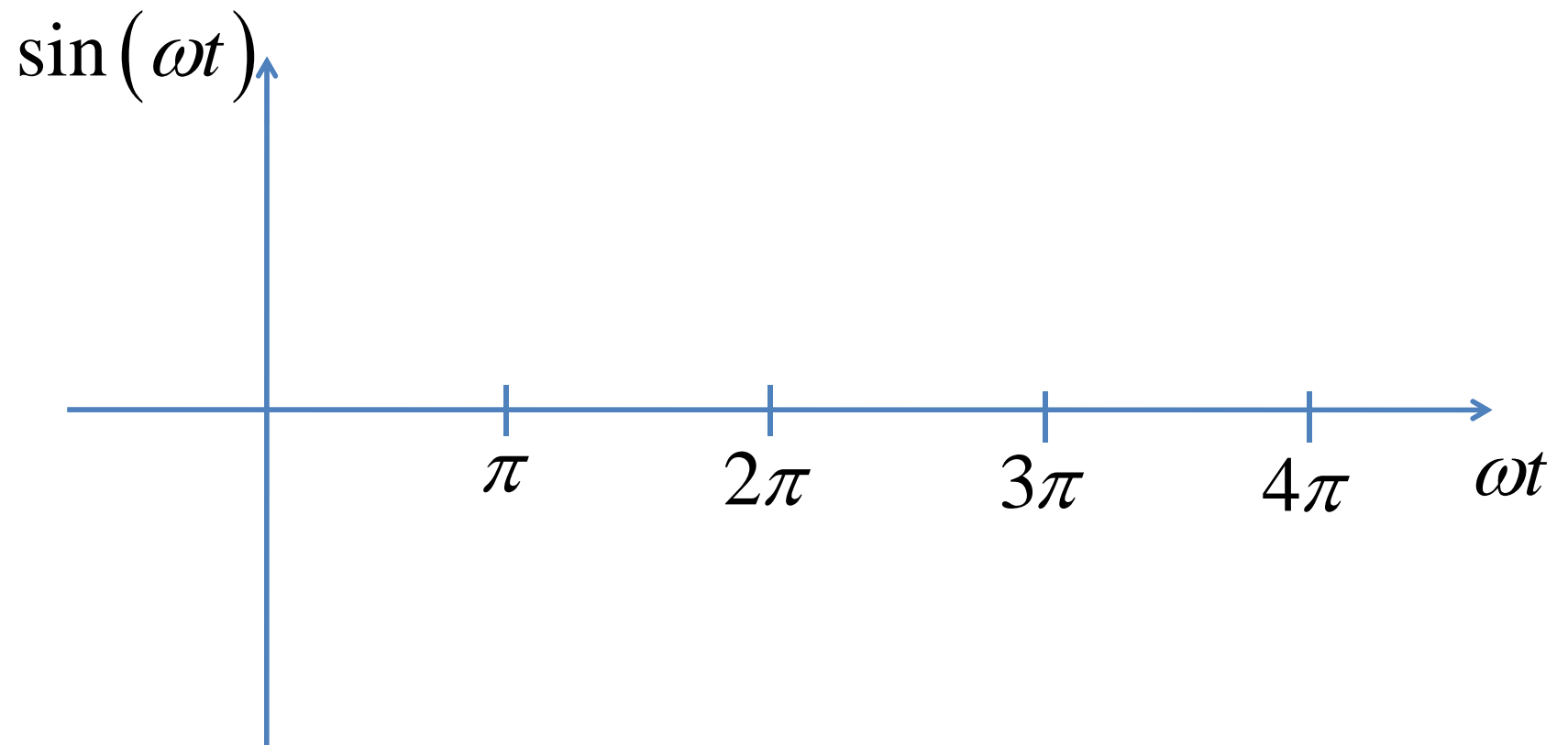
# EECS 70A: Network Analysis

## Lecture 11



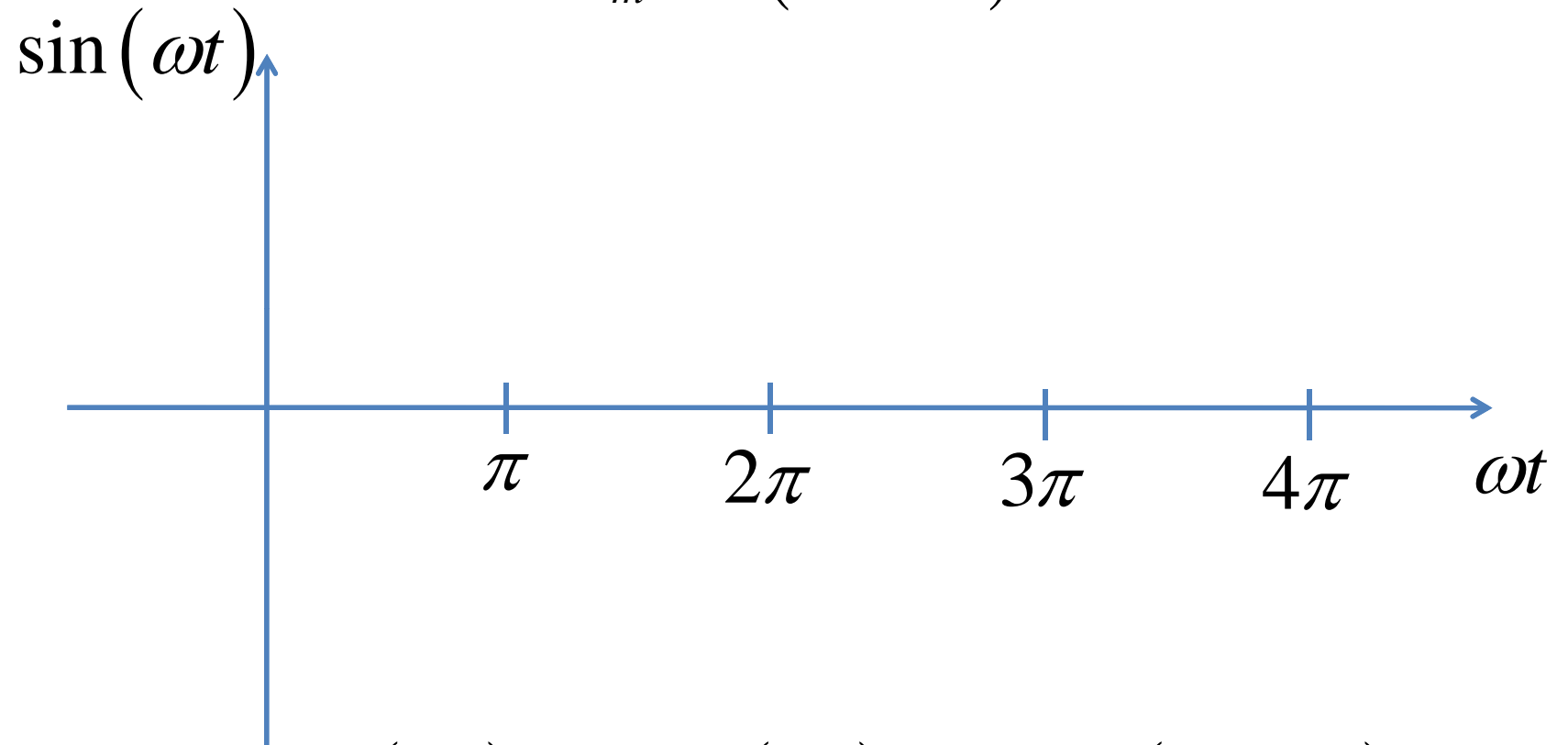
# Sine waves

$$V(t) = V_m \sin(\omega t)$$



# Phase

$$V(t) = V_m \sin(\omega t + \phi)$$



$$A \cos(\omega t) + B \sin(\omega t) = C \cos(\omega t - \theta)$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{B}{A}\right) \quad C = \sqrt{A^2 + B^2}$$

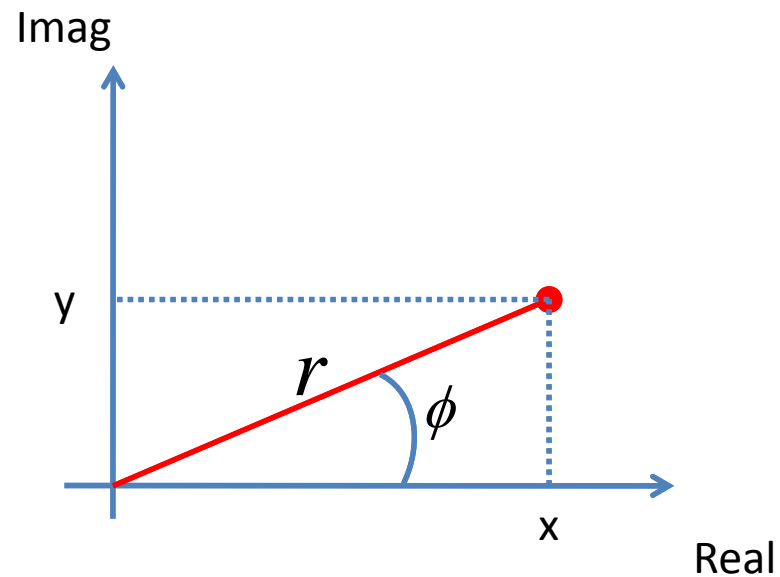
# Complex numbers

$$j \equiv \sqrt{-1} \quad \frac{1}{j} = -j$$

$$z = x + jy$$

$$z = re^{j\phi}$$

$$z = r \angle \phi$$



# Complex algebra

$$z_1 = x_1 + jy_1 = r_1 e^{j\phi_1} \quad z_2 = x_2 + jy_2 = r_2 e^{j\phi_2}$$

Addition:

$$z_1 + z_2 = (x_1 + x_2) + j(y_1 + y_2)$$

Subtraction:

$$z_1 - z_2 = (x_1 - x_2) + j(y_1 - y_2)$$

Multiplication:

$$z_1 z_2 = (r_1 e^{j\phi_1}) (r_2 e^{j\phi_2}) = r_1 r_2 e^{j\phi_1} e^{j\phi_2} = r_1 r_2 e^{j(\phi_1 + \phi_2)} = r_1 r_2 \angle (\phi_1 + \phi_2)$$

Division:

$$z_1 / z_2 =$$

Inversion:

$$1/z_1 =$$

Square root:

$$\sqrt{z_1} =$$

Complex conjugate:

$$Z^* = x - jy = r e^{-j\phi}$$

# Euler relationship

$$e^{j\phi} = \cos \phi + j \sin \phi$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos \phi = \operatorname{Re}(e^{j\phi})$$

Phasors:

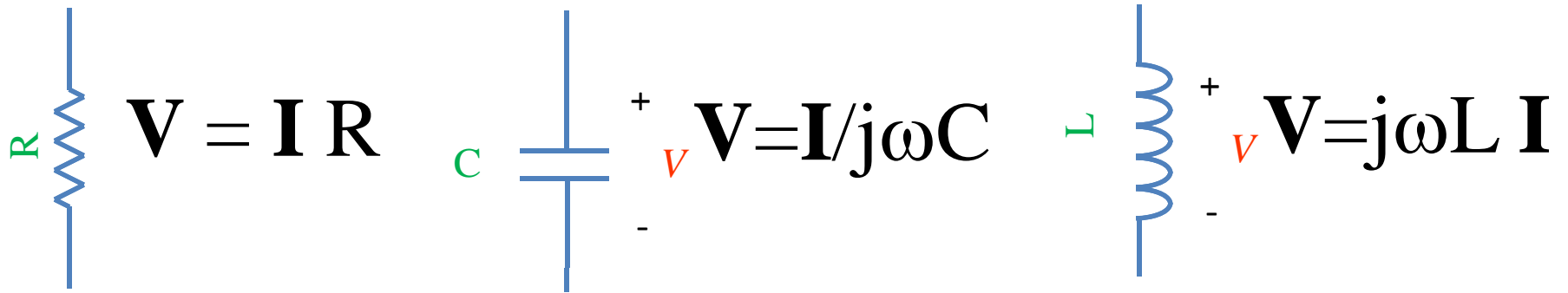
$$V(t) = V_m \cos(\omega t + \phi) = \operatorname{Re}\left(V_m e^{j(\omega t + \phi)}\right)$$

$$= \operatorname{Re}\left(\underbrace{V_m e^{j\phi}}_{\text{“Phasor”}} e^{j\omega t}\right)$$

“Phasor” **V**

(Complex #)

# Circuits



“Impedance”

$$Z = R$$

$$Z = 1 / j\omega C$$

$$Z = j\omega L$$

KCL, KVL hold for relationship  
between  $\mathbf{V}$ ,  $\mathbf{I}$ .



# Series/Parallel Impedances



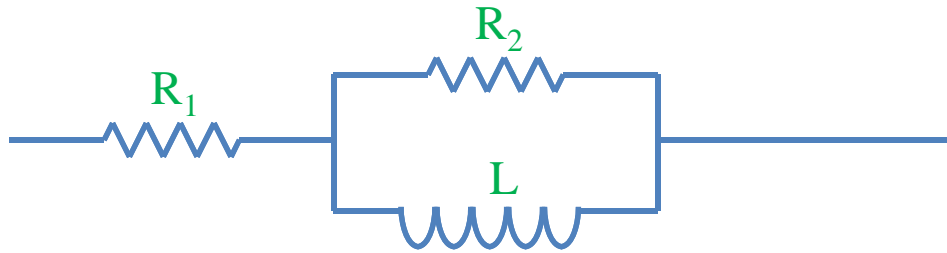
$$Z_{eq} = Z_1 + Z_2 + Z_3$$



$$Z_{eq}^{-1} = Z_1^{-1} + Z_2^{-1} + Z_3^{-1}$$

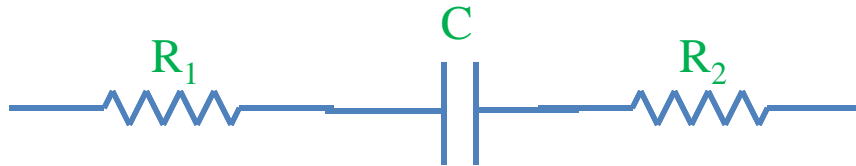
# Example problem #1

Find  $Z_{eq}$  for this circuit: (instructor)



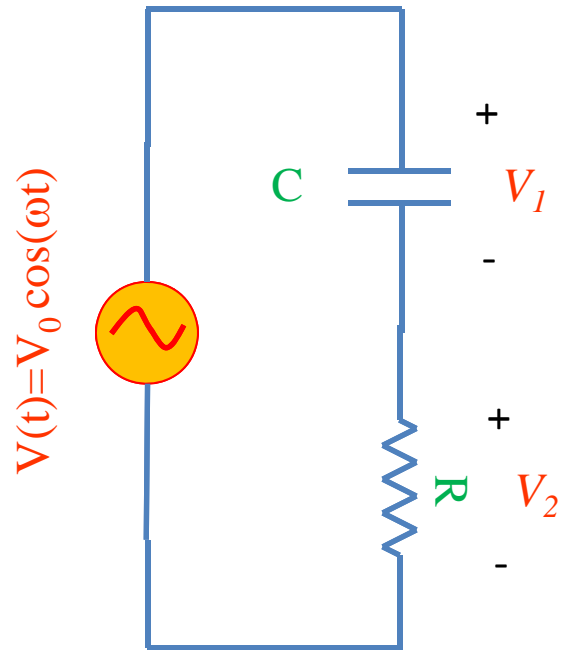
# Example problem #2

Find  $Z_{eq}$  for this circuit: (students)



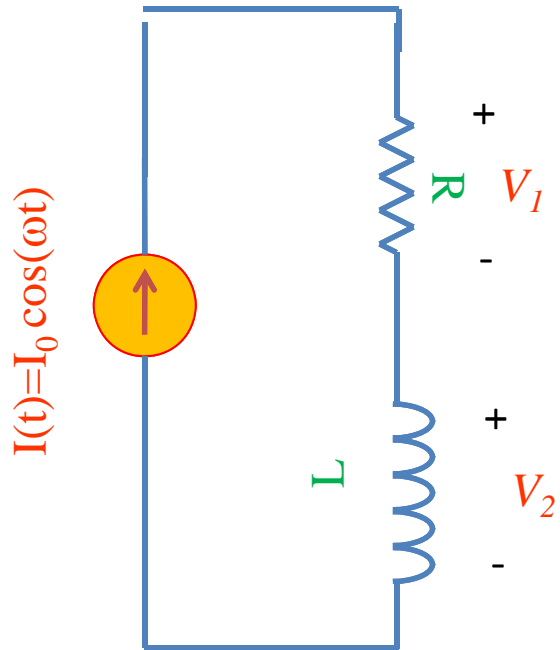
# Example problem #3

Find  $i(t)$ ,  $V_1(t)$ ,  $V_2(t)$  for this circuit: (instructor)

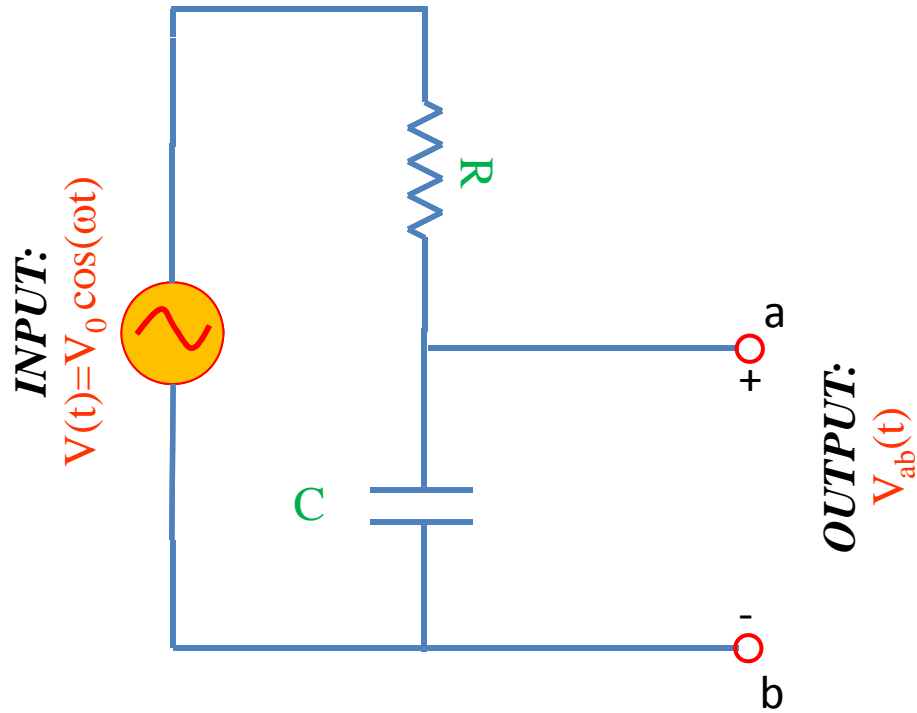


# Example problem #4

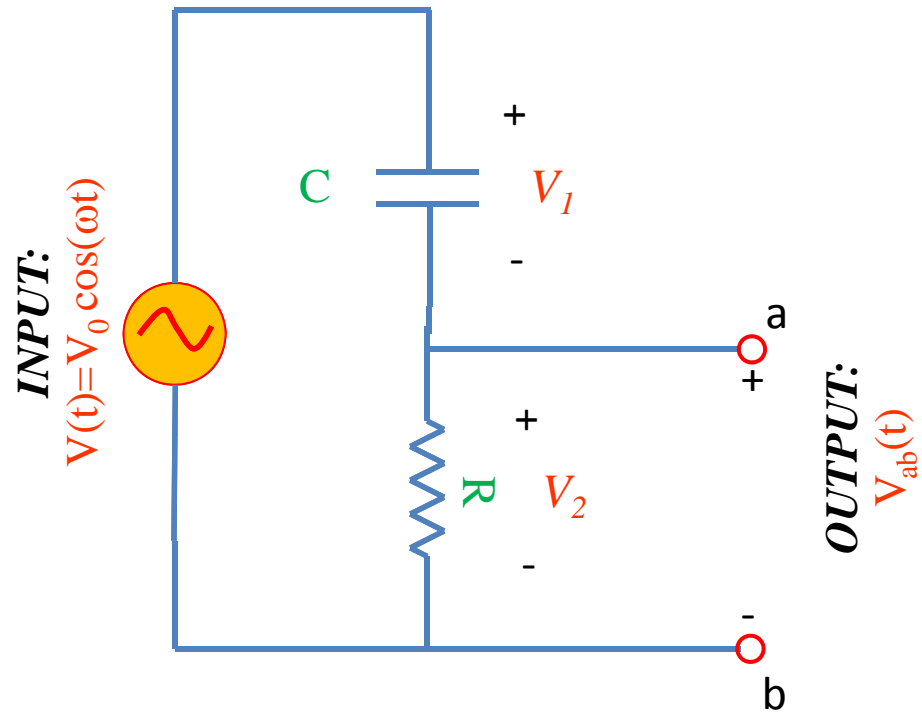
Find  $i(t)$ ,  $V_1(t)$ ,  $V_2(t)$  for this circuit: (students)



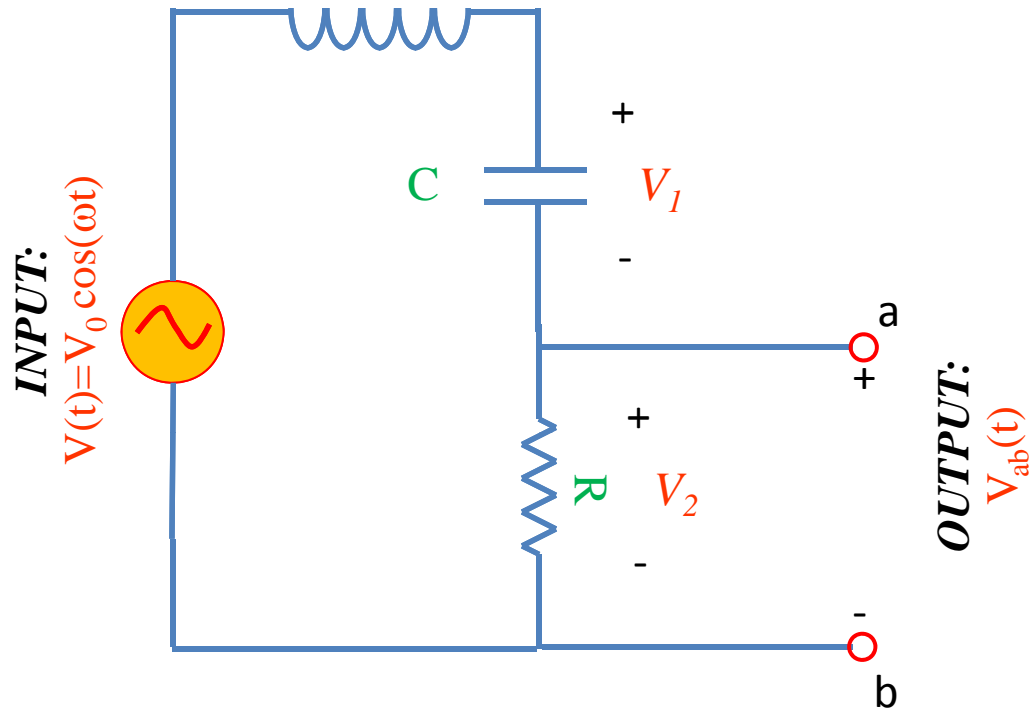
# Low pass filter



# High pass filter

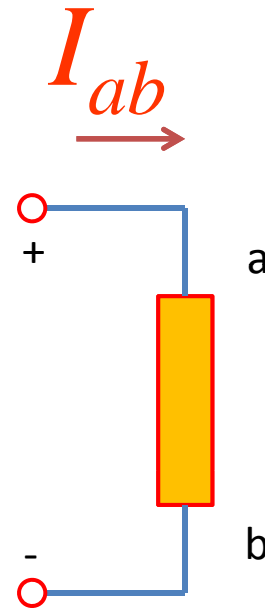
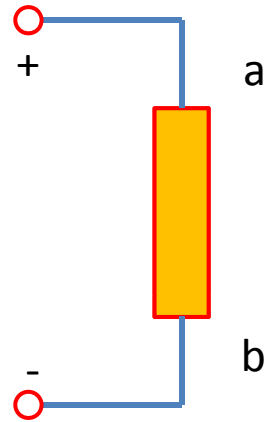
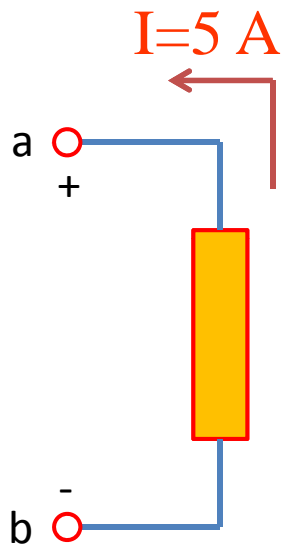


# Band pass filter (RLC)





# Symbol library



# Symbol library

