

Announcements:

1. Announcements

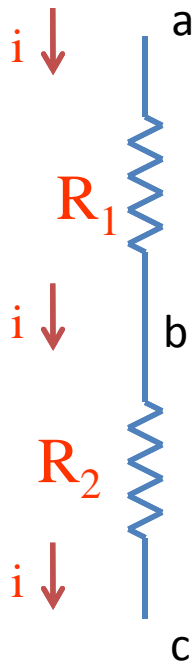
EECS 70A: Network Analysis

Lecture 6

Today's Agenda

- Review of Nodal Analysis
- Mesh Analysis
 - Introduction
 - What is a Mesh?
 - Mesh Current
 - Method
- Mesh Analysis with Current Source

Node Voltage(review)



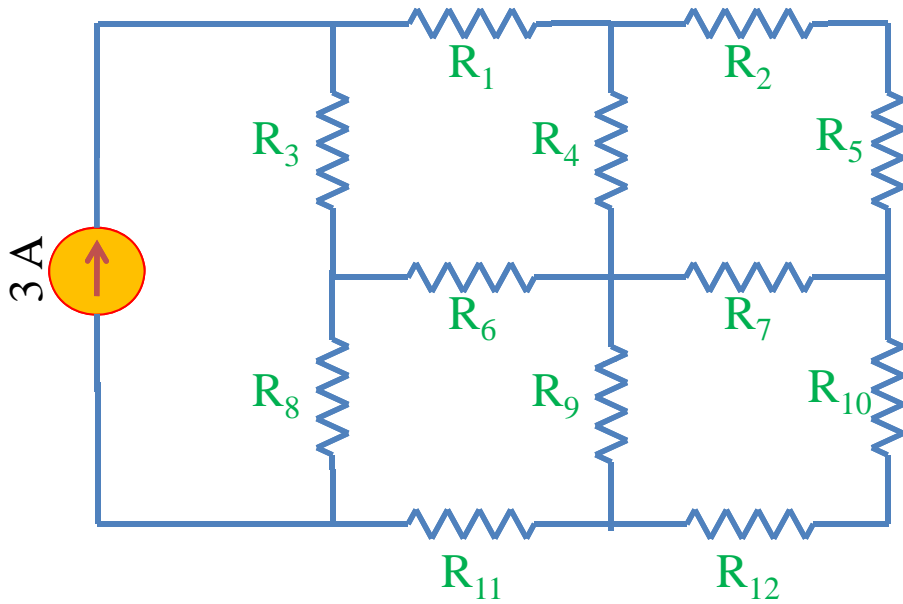
V_{ab} is the voltage drop
across resistor 1

Nodal Analysis(Review)

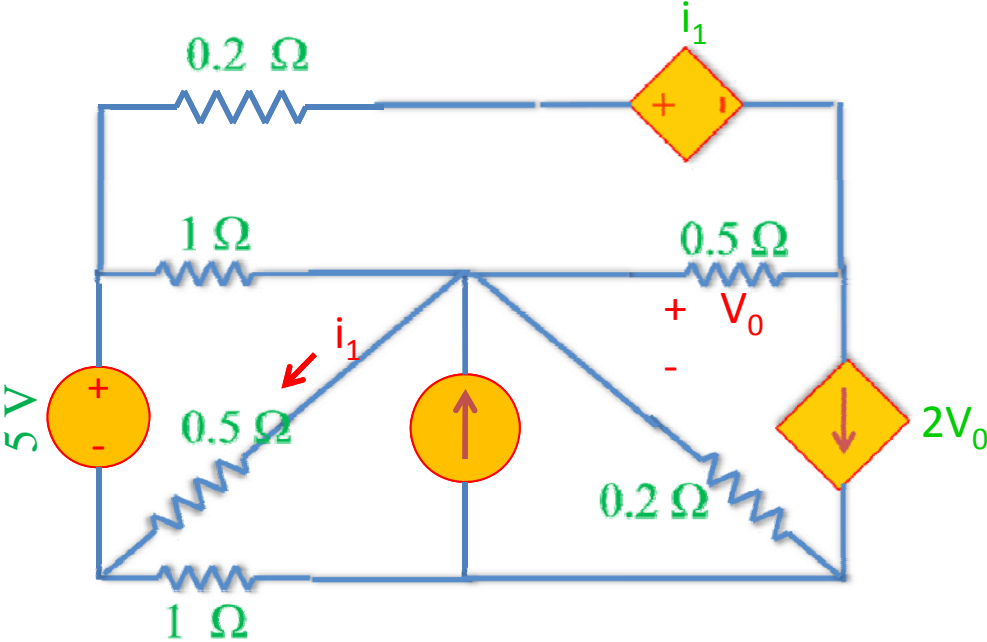
Based on KCL, Use node voltages as circuits variables.

1. Define a reference node.
2. Label remaining nodes. (n-1 nodes)
3. Apply KCL + ohm to all nodes and supernodes
 1. Express all I's in terms of v's
4. Apply KVL to loops with voltage source
5. Solve the n-1 simultaneous equations, to find V's
6. Use Ohm's law to find the currents.

Apply KCL + Ohm to All Nodes and Supernodes

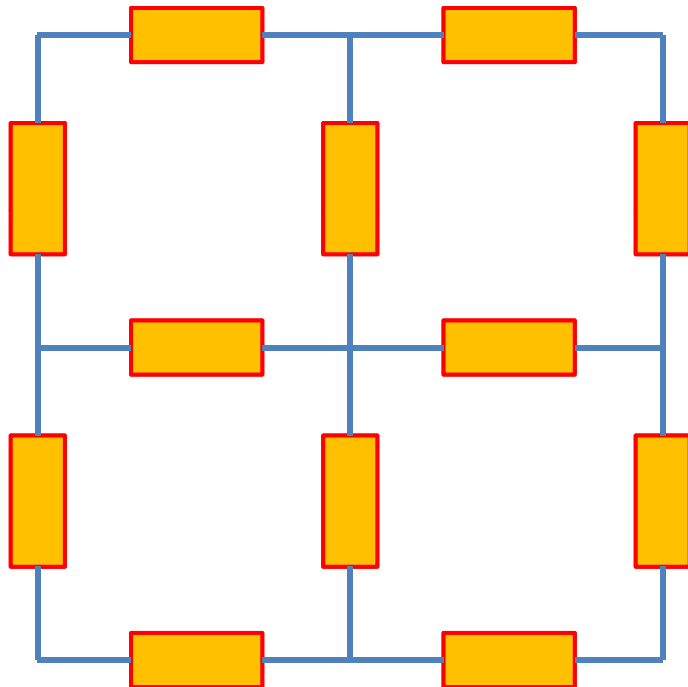


Nodal Analysis-Example



Mesh Analysis-Introduction

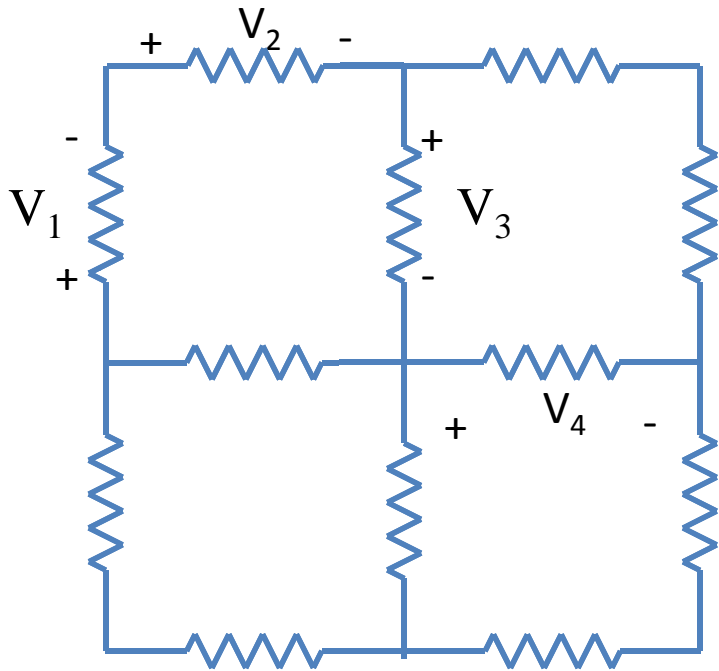
What is a Mesh?



- A loop is a closed path with no node passed more than once.
- A mesh is a loop that does not contain any other loops within it.

Mesh Analysis-Introduction

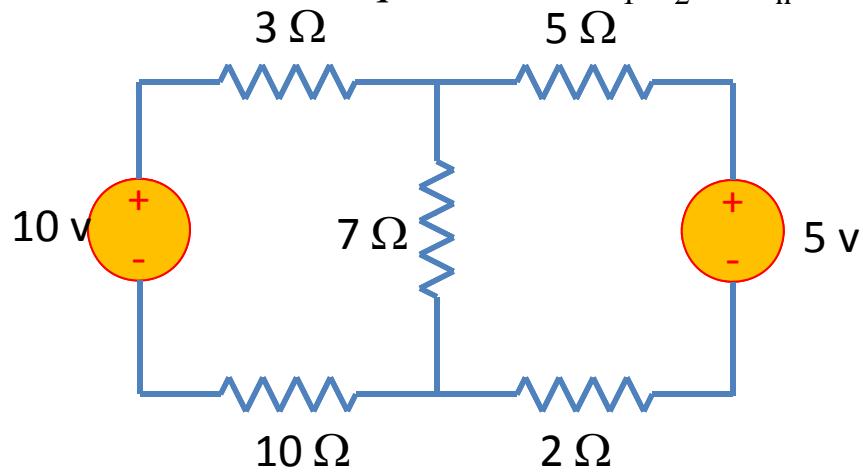
Mesh Current vs. Element Current



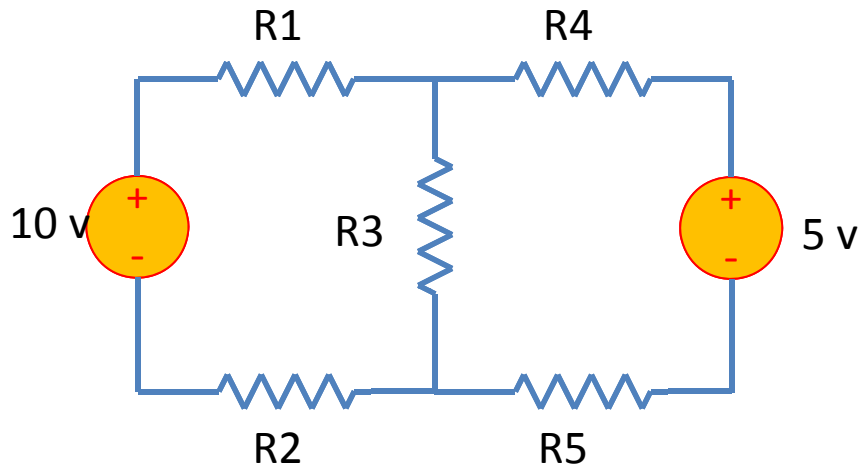
- The current through a mesh is known as mesh current.
- Direction of the mesh current is arbitrary-conventionally assumed to be clockwise.
- The current through an element can be the same as mesh current or the subtraction of two mesh currents.

Mesh Analysis-Method

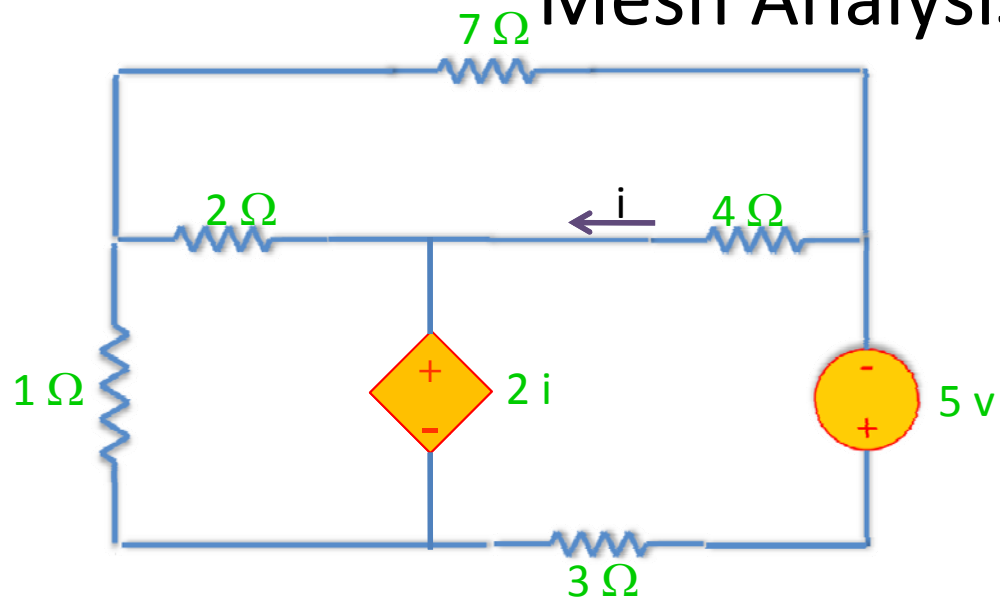
- Assign mesh currents i_1, i_2, \dots, i_n
- Apply KVL+ Ohm's law to each mesh
- Solve the equations for i_1, i_2, \dots, i_n



Apply KVL+ Ohm's Law to Each Mesh



Mesh Analysis - Example

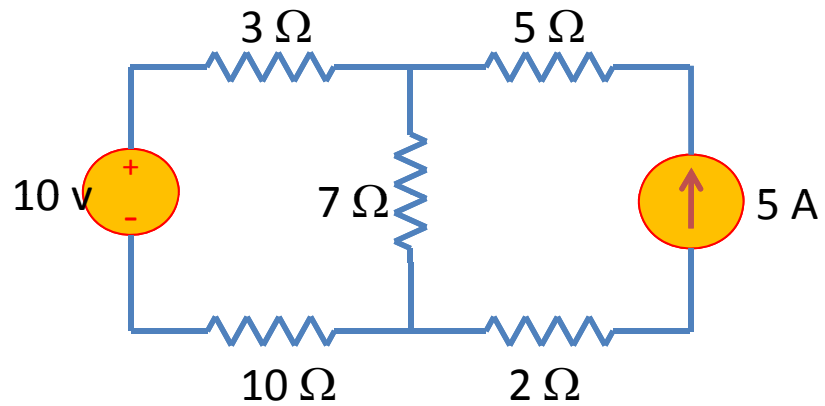


Mesh Analysis with Current Sources

- CASE 1: current source only in one mesh.

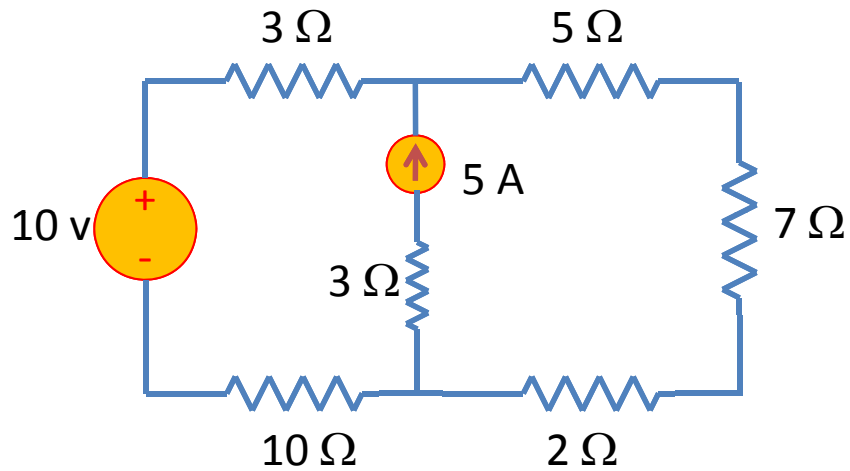
already have the current for that mesh => no need to write

KVL for that mesh

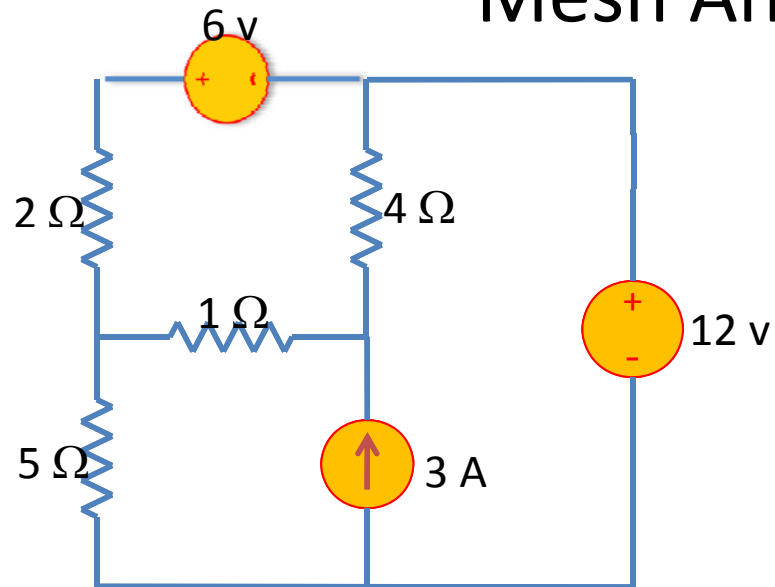


Mesh Analysis with Current Sources

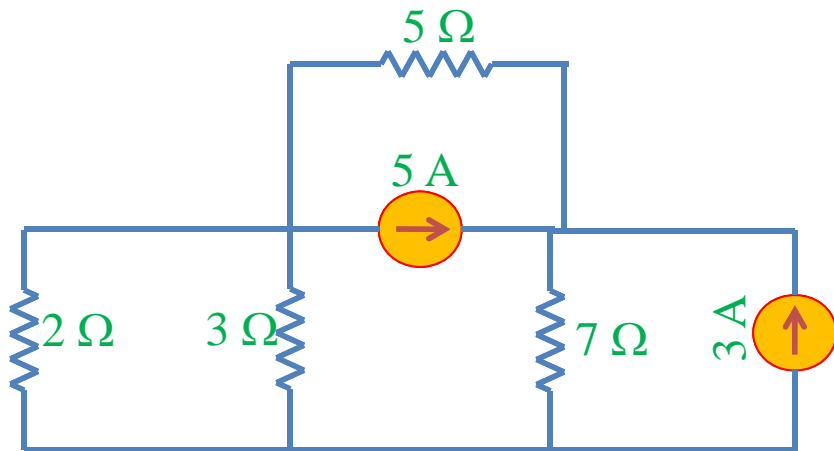
- CASE 2: current source exits between two meshes. => create a supermesh
 - Apply KVL to the supermesh
 - Apply KCL to the supermesh



Mesh Analysis- Example

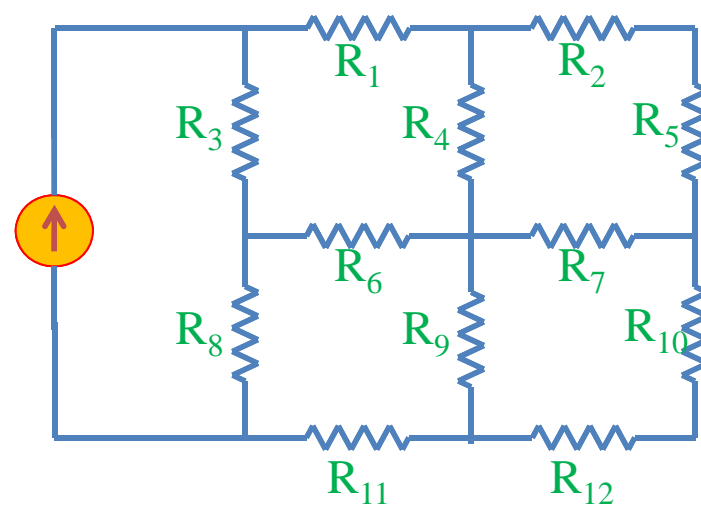
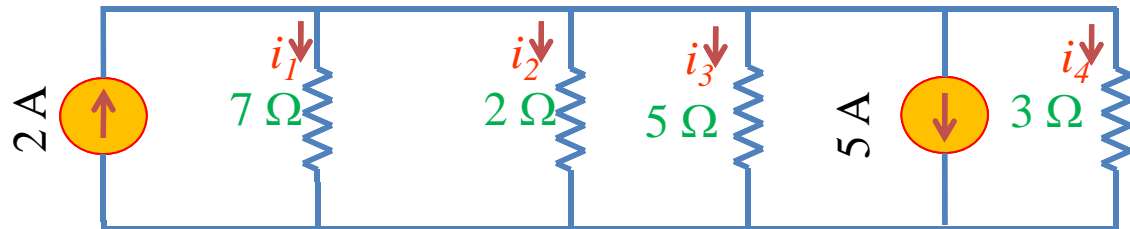
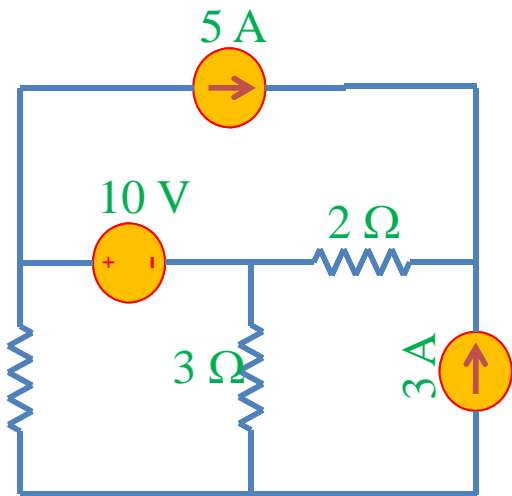


Mesh Analysis- Example

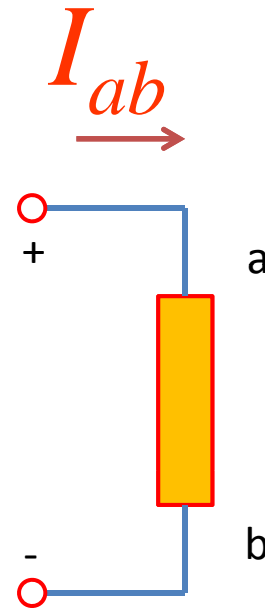
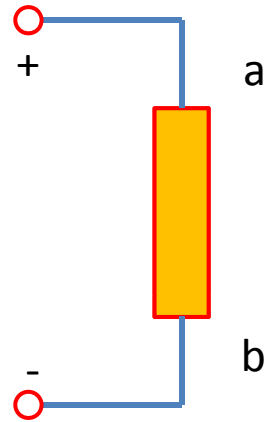
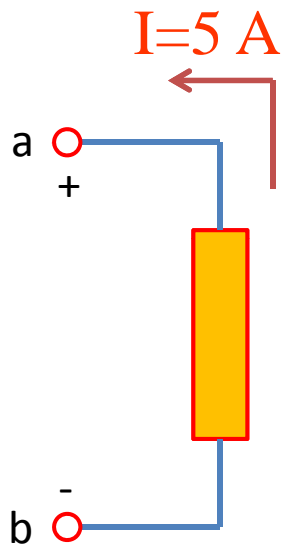


Nodal Versus Mesh Analysis

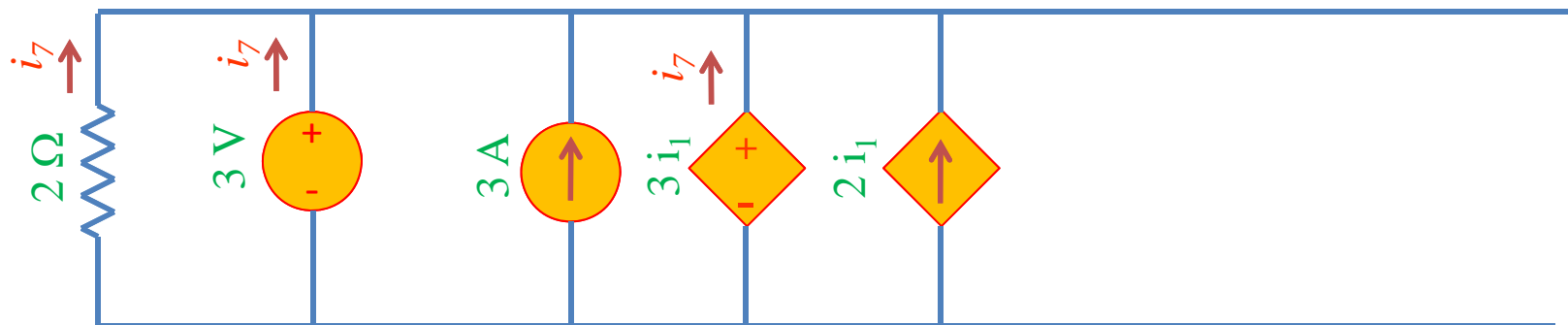
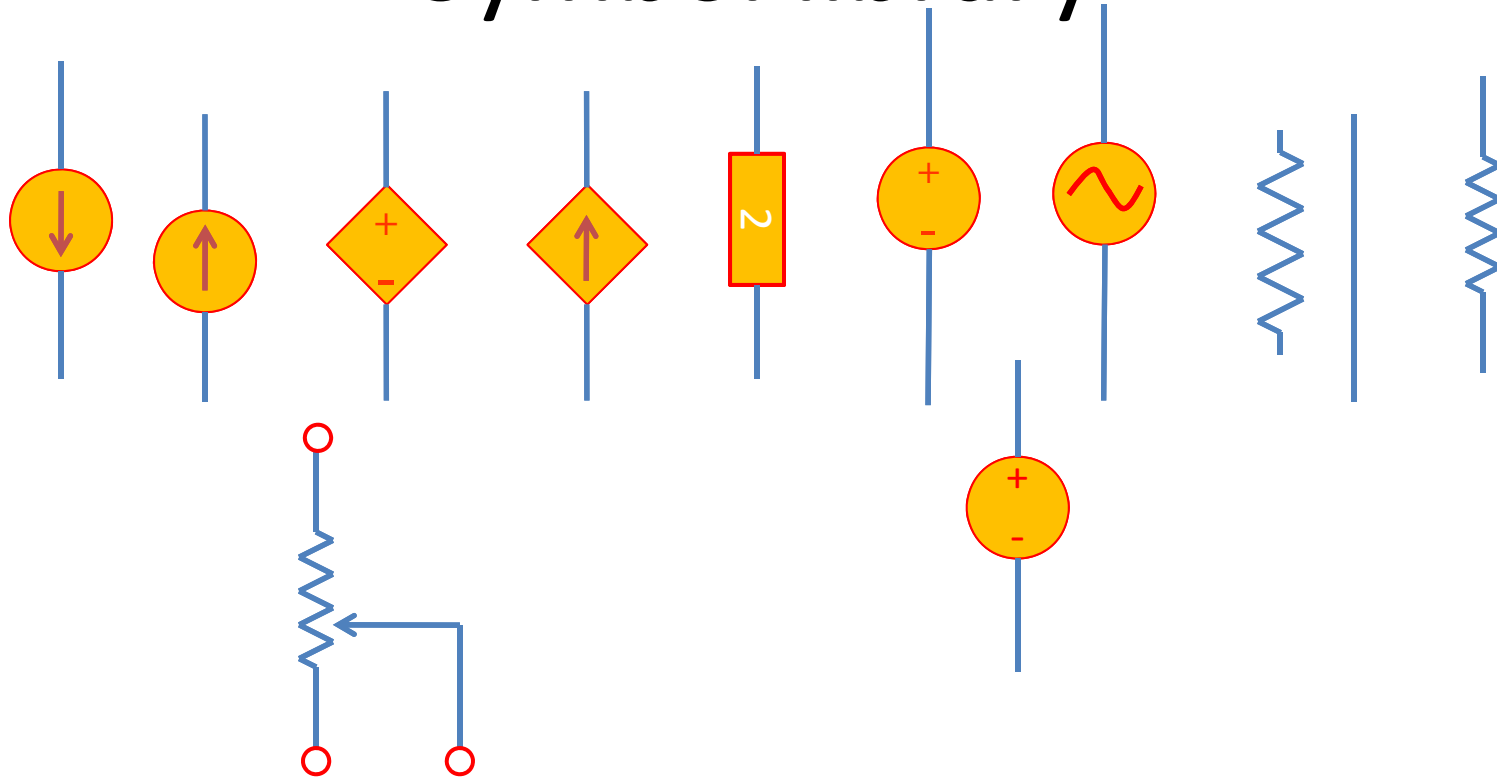
- The method that results in fewer number of equations is more suitable.
 - Mesh analysis for networks with many series connected elements
 - Nodal Analysis for networks with many parallel connected elements
- But also depends on the type of the sources.



Symbol library



Symbol library



Symbol & circuit library

